

How To Program Sweeps In Berkeley Nucleonics Signal Generators

This application note describes how to program Signal Generators in order to achieve minimal frequency, power and phase setting times. The basic architecture of the generators is introduced, along with the programming syntax and an example showing how to configure sweeps on multiple channels simultaneously.

APPLICATION NOTE · BNC-AN-002 REV A · OCTOBER 2026 · dc-62022201

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Applications: Radar simulation, quantum computing, high-volume automated testing, phased-array antennas

Products: Model 855B multi-channel Signal Generator (the example in this note); the same SWEEP subsystem commands apply to the Model 845

Revision: BNC-AN-002 Rev A, October 2026



PHOTO Figure 3. The Model 855B four-channel Signal Generator in its standard 19 inch 1U casing.

1 Purpose

This application note describes how to program Signal Generators in order to achieve minimal frequency, power and phase setting times.

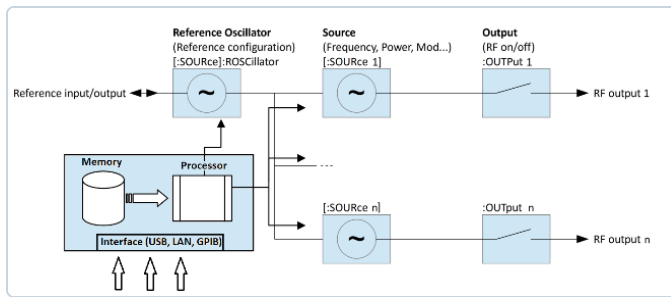
The basic architecture of the generators is introduced as well as the programming syntax.

An example shows how to configure sweeps on multiple channels simultaneously.

2 Introduction

Generating different frequencies, output powers or modulating the phase of a signal usually implies sending commands from a remote computer over USB, LAN or GPIB to the Signal Generator. Because of the communication time and the processing of the commands on the generator side, the minimal setting time of a frequency, output power or phase takes several milliseconds.

To reach step times as low as 25 μ s (Model 855B with option FS, one or two channels, in-band steps) or 40 μ s (Model 845 with option FS), BNC Signal Generators provide a SWEEP mode that bypasses the communication overhead entirely.

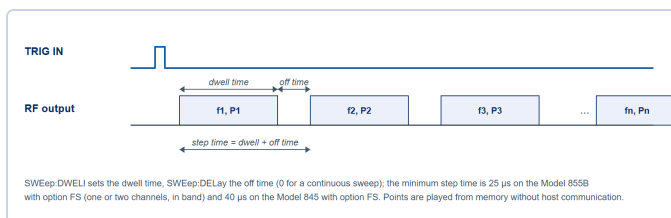


SCHEMATIC Figure 1. Basic architecture of a BNC Signal Generator. One reference oscillator feeds one source and one output node per channel; the processor and memory play a stored sweep without any communication with the host.

3 Sweep Mode

The sweep mode allows stepping through a series of predefined frequencies, powers and phases either on a single output or simultaneously on several outputs of multi-output Signal Generators. When programming a sweep, the parameters for each step of the sweep are first simulated on the device. Those parameters are then saved on the internal memory of the device and played once the sweep is started. For this reason, no communication takes place between a remote computer and the device, which allows step times as short as 25 μ s per output on the Model 855B with option FS.

The functioning of this mode implies that all frequencies, powers and phases that are being stepped through are known ahead of the start of the sweep. Changing the settings of the sweep requires sending instructions to the device, which adds the communication overhead and interrupts the fast stepping mode.



SCHEMATIC Figure 2. A triggered sweep, with the dwell time set by SWEep:DWELL and the off time set by SWEep:DELAY making up the step time of each point.

4 Quick Command Reference

This quick command reference covers basic sweep functionality: frequency configuration, power configuration and phase configuration. Refer to the application note How To Program Multi-Channel Synthesizers for examples of programming individual channels on multi-channel devices, and to the Signal Generator programmer's manual (Software & Drivers) for a complete command reference.

:FREQuency:MODE

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:FREQuency:MODE FIX|CW|SWEep|LIST|CHIR
[SOURCE<ch>]:FREQuency:MODE?
```

This command sets the frequency mode of the Signal Generator to CW, (list) sweep or chirp.

FIX | CW: stops a frequency sweep or chirp.

SWEep or LIST: selects the swept frequency mode. If sweep triggering is set to immediate along with continuous sweep mode, executing the command starts the LIST or SWEep frequency sweep. In SWEep mode, frequency will be determined by programmed values for the :START and :STOP :FREQuency subsystem commands. In LIST mode, frequency is determined by programmed values for :LIST:FREQuency.

:FREQuency:START

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:FREQuency:START <value><unit>
[SOURCE<ch>]:FREQuency:START?
```

This command sets the first frequency point in a chirp or step sweep.

***RST** The preset value is 1 GHz. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Range Please refer to the Data Sheet.

:FREQuency:STOP

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:FREQuency:STOP <value><unit>
[SOURCE<ch>]:FREQuency:STOP?
```

This command sets the last frequency point in a chirp or step sweep.

***RST** The preset value is 2 GHz.

Range Please refer to the Data Sheet.

FREQuency:STEP[:LINear]

```
[SOURce<ch>]:FREQuency:STEP[:LINear]?
```

This query returns the step size in Hz for a linear step sweep.

FREQuency:STEP:LOGarithmic

```
[SOURce<ch>]:FREQuency:STEP:LOGarithmic?
```

This query returns the step size (step factor) for a logarithmic step sweep.

POWer:MODE

```
[SOURce<ch>]:POWer:MODE?
```

This command sets the Signal Generator power mode to fixed or swept.

FIX: stops a power sweep, allowing the Signal Generator to operate at a fixed power level. Refer to [:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] command for setting the output power level.

LIST or SWEep: selects the swept power mode. If sweep triggering is set to immediate along with continuous sweep mode, executing the command starts the LIST or STEP power sweep.

POWer:START

```
[SOURce<ch>]:POWer:START <value><unit>  
[SOURce<ch>]:POWer:START?
```

This command sets the first amplitude point in a step sweep.

POWer:STOP

```
[SOURce<ch>]:POWer:STOP <value><unit>  
[SOURce<ch>]:POWer:STOP?
```

This command sets the last amplitude point in a step sweep.

POWer:STEP

```
[SOURce<ch>]:POWer:STEP[:LINear]?
```

This query returns the step size in dB for a linear step sweep.

PHASe:MODE

```
[SOURce<ch>]:PHASe:MODE?
```

This command sets the Signal Generator phase mode to fixed or swept.

FIX: stops a phase sweep, allowing the Signal Generator to operate at a fixed phase setting.

LIST or SWEep: selects the swept phase mode. If sweep triggering is set to immediate along with continuous sweep mode, executing the command starts the LIST or STEP phase sweep.

PHASe:START

```
[SOURce<ch>]:PHASe:START <value>  
[SOURce<ch>]:PHASe:START?
```

This command sets the first phase point in a step sweep.

PHASe:STOP

```
[SOURce<ch>]:PHASe:STOP <value>  
[SOURce<ch>]:PHASe:STOP?
```

This command sets the last phase point in a step sweep.

PHASe:STEP

```
[SOURce<ch>]:PHASe:STEP[:LINear]?
```

This query returns the step size in radians for a step sweep.

:SWEep:COUNT INFinite | <value>

```
[SOURce<ch>]:SWEep:COUNT INfinite | <value>  
[SOURce<ch>]:SWEep:COUNT?
```

This command sets the number of sweep repetitions being played after triggering a sweep. If set to INFinite, the sweep will be repeated until a [SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE or

[SOURCE]:POWER:MODE command is issued.

***RST** INFinite

Range INFinite or 1 to 65535

:SWEep:DIRection UP|DOWN|RANDom

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:DIRection UP | DOWN | RANDom
Query?
```

:SWEep:POINTs

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:POINTs <value>
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:POINTs?
```

This command defines the number of step sweep points.

***RST** 101

Range 2 to 10000 per channel (Model 855B datasheet);
see the datasheet of other models

:SWEep:DWELl

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:DWELl <value>
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:DWELl?
```

This command sets the dwell time for the current step sweep points. Dwell time is used when IMMEDIATE is the trigger source. The dwell time is the amount of time the sweep is guaranteed to pause after setting the frequency and/or power for the current point.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by Signal Generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of seconds.

:SWEep:DELaY

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:DELaY <value>
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:DELaY?
```

This command sets the off time for the current step sweep points. Off time is used when IMMEDIATE is the trigger source. The off time is the time the sweep pauses, with the RF output blanked, between the end of one point's dwell time and the setting of the next point. Set it to 0 for a continuous sweep.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by Signal Generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of seconds.

:SWEep:PROGress

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:PROGress?
```

This query returns the progress of an active sweep, 0.0... 1.0.

:SWEep:SPACing

```
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:SPACing LINear | LOGarithmic
[SOURCE<ch>]:SWEep:SPACing?
```

This command enables the Signal Generator linear or logarithmic sweep modes. These commands require the Signal Generator to be in step mode.

The instrument uses the specified start frequency, stop frequency, and number of points for both linear and log sweeps.

***RST** LIN

5 Programming Examples

Programming of the following setup: sweeping 1000 frequency points on channels 1 and 3 of a multi-output Model 855B. The step time is 50 μ s (the in-band minimum with option FS when three or four channels are fitted). Run the sweep simultaneously on both channels once.

Channel 1 configuration:

Start frequency: 10 GHz
Stop frequency: 12 GHz

Channel 3 configuration:

Start frequency: 10.1 GHz
Stop frequency: 11.9 GHz

```
// Configure INIT system: do not listen to
// trigger events yet
INIT:CONT OFF

// Configure trigger system
TRIG:SOUR EXT
```

```
// Program sweep on channel 1 - it won't
// start yet as it waits for the INIT system
OUTP1 ON
SOUR1:FREQ:STAR 10GHZ
SOUR1:FREQ:STOP 12GHZ
SOUR1:SWE:DWEL 50US
SOUR1:SWE:DEL 0
SOUR1:SWE:POIN 1000
SOUR1:SWE:COUN 1
SOUR1:FREQ:MODE SWE
```

```
// Program sweep on channel 3 - it won't
// start yet as it waits for the INIT system
OUTP3 ON
SOUR3:FREQ:STAR 10.1GHZ
SOUR3:FREQ:STOP 11.9GHZ
SOUR3:SWE:DWEL 50US
```

```
SOUR3:SWE:DEL 0
SOUR3:SWE:POIN 1000
SOUR3:SWE:COUN 1
SOUR3:FREQ:MODE SWE
```

```
// Configure INIT system: listen to trigger
// events
INIT:CONT ON
```

6 Disclaimer

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BNC-AN-002 Rev A

October 2026 | dc-62022201